Computational Methods in General Relativity From exact tensor computations to critical phenomena in gravitational collapse

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ERE2010, Granada, September 10, 2010

Summary

Linking MathRel and NumRel?

Critical phenomena in gravitational collapse

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Christodoulou Choptuik The current model Interesting results

Conclusions and open questions

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- Two approximation steps:
 - Discretization: Approximate continuous model by discrete model. Many methods, with parameters. Worse than original.
 - Finite precision numbers: information loss in basic operations. Example:

$$x^2 - 2(1 \pm \epsilon)x + (1 \pm \epsilon) = 0, \qquad \Rightarrow \qquad x = 1 \pm \sqrt{3\epsilon}$$

Computer algebra to drive computations using mathematical language.

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- 1. Formalism:
 - 1.1 Abstract computations.
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Kranc (Husa, Hinder, Lechner) RNPL (Marsa, Choptuik) Cactus, Einstein Toolkit (AEI & LSU)

xAct

- Manifolds, vector bundles, tensors, connections, metrics.
- Frames, charts.
- Abstract indices vs. frame indices. 100 indices in seconds.
- Modules for spinors (García-Parrado, M-G), perturbation theory (Brizuela, M-G, Mena Marugán), Riemann scalars (M-G, Yllanes, Portugal), ...
- Some applications:
 - Super-energy tensors (García-Parrado)
 - Cosmological perturbation theory (Pitrou)
 - Hyperbolicity of Einstein eqs (Gundlach, M-G)
 - PostNewtonian computations (Faye et al)
 - Heat-kernel expansions (Wardell et al)
 - Geometric invariants (Backdahl, Valiente Kroon) [prev talk]
 - IVP on light-cones (Choquet-Bruhat, Chruściel, M-G)
 - QFT, string theory, ...

http://www.xAct.es
http://groups.google.com/group/xAct

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- ► Nonlinear stability of Minkowski in vacuum GR. (Ex: $\dot{y}(t) = y(t)^2$).
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- Christodoulou:
 - ► Address problems in simpler setting: 3+1 spherical symmetry.
 - Add massless real scalar field $\phi(t, r)$, obeying Klein-Gordon eq.
 - Results (CMP'86):

 - Small finite data \Rightarrow Minkowski is stable.
 - Large data
- \Rightarrow Schwarzschild end state.



General question: What happens in between? Naked singularity?



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 $M \propto R_{BH}$, curvature at surface $\propto \frac{1}{R_{BH}^2}$



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Goldwirth and Piran, PRD'87:

We present a numerical study of the gravitational collapse of a massless scalar field. We calculate the future evolution of new initial data, suggested by Christodoulou, and we show that in spite of the original expectations these data lead only to singularities engulfed by an event horizon.

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- 1982–1986 (PhD): scalar field spherical collapse code. Cauchy, fully constrained.
- 1987–1991: Improve accuracy and convergence: adaptive mesh refinement and Richardson extrapolation.



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Choptuik, Goldwirth and Piran CQG'92: compare codes
 [CA = Cauchy (Choptuik's code). CH = Characteristic (GP's code).]

... although the levels of error in the CA and CH results at a given resolution were quite comparable at early retarded times (...), the CA values were significantly more accurate than the CH data once the pulse of scalar field had reached r = 0.

Choptuik's setup

► The system:

$$ds^{2} = -\alpha^{2}(t, r)dt^{2} + a^{2}(t, r)dr^{2} + r^{2}d\Omega^{2}, \qquad \Phi \equiv \phi', \quad \Pi \equiv a\dot{\phi}/\alpha$$
$$\dot{\Phi} = \left(\frac{\alpha}{a}\Pi\right)', \quad \dot{\Pi} = \frac{1}{r^{2}}\left(r^{2}\frac{\alpha}{a}\Phi\right)', \qquad \frac{\alpha'}{\alpha} = \frac{a'}{a} + \frac{a^{2}-1}{r} = 2\pi r(\Pi^{2} + \Phi^{2}).$$

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Example (pure ingoing):

$$\phi(0,r) = \phi_0 r^3 \exp(-[(r-r_0)/\delta]^q)$$

$$p = \phi_0, r_0, \delta, q$$



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- Scaling: $M_{BH}(p) \propto (p-p^*)^{\gamma}$ for $p \gtrsim p^*$.
- Oscillations accumulate at (r = 0, t = 0).

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Comment: Self-similarity is dynamically found, but in a more general (DSS) form!

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Independent confirmations:

- Gundlach (PRL'95): ϕ^* as solution of eigenvalue problem.
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Phenomenology confirmed in more than 20 other systems:

- Abrahams & Evans (PRL'93): axisymmetric vacuum (DSS).
- Evans & Coleman (PRL'94): perfect fluid, $p = \rho/3$ (CSS).
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- Proca, Dirac, sigma fields, ..., Vlasov(?)
- ▶ With/without mass, charge, conformal couplings, ...
- Different equations of state for fluids.
- Other dimensions.

 Christodoulou & Klainerman '93: Minkowski is nonlinearly stable.

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New bet!

Whereas Stephen W. Hawking (having lost a previous bet on this subject by not demanding genericity) still firmly believes that naked singularities are an anathema and should be prohibited by the laws of classical physics,

And whereas John Preskill and Kip Thorne (having won the previous bet) still regard naked singularities as quantum gravitational objects that might exist, unclothed by horizons, for all the Universe to see.

Therefore Hawking offers, and Preskill/Thorne accept, a wager that

When any form of classical matter or field that is incapable of becoming singular in flat spacetime is coupled to general relativity via the classical Einstein equations, then

A dynamical evolution from generic initial conditions (i.e., from an open set of initial data) can never produce a naked singularity (a past-incomplete null geodesic from I_+).

The loser will reward the winner with clothing to cover the winner's nakedness. The clothing is to be embroidered with a suitable, truly concessionary message.

Stephen W. Hawking

John P. Preskill & Kip S. Thorne

Pasadena, California, 5 February 1997

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Summary

Linking MathRel and NumRel?

Critical phenomena in gravitational collapse

Christodoulou Choptuik The current model Interesting results

Conclusions and open questions

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Self-similarity

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- Any continuous symmetry has a discrete version.





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• CSS: Homothetic Killing vector ξ^a :

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In spherical symmetry, define adapted coordinates:

$$x \equiv \frac{r}{-t}, \qquad \tau \equiv -\log \frac{-t}{t_0}$$



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with $\xi = \partial_{\tau}$.



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 CSS: A, B, C, F functions of x only.
DSS: also periodic in τ, period Δ.



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(Evans & Coleman PRL'94; Koike, Hara& Adachi PRL'95; Gundlach PRD'97)

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• State $S \equiv \{\gamma, K, \Psi\}$. $\dot{S} = \mathcal{F}[S]$ with some initial $S(0) = S_0$.

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▶ Evolution in (∞-dim) phase space:



Open questions:

 Which functional space? Asymptotic properties of the spacetimes.

- Which foliations? Which coordinates?
- Meaning of "attraction"?

- For any system in GR:
 - Find global attractors of evolution: Minkowski, stars, black holes.

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Critical Phenomena \equiv Study of basin boundaries in GR phase space.

- Same mathematical ideas and techniques used in Statistical Mechanics. We believe there is no physical connection.
- Attraction \Rightarrow Forget initial details \Rightarrow Highly symmetric solutions:
 - Spherical or axisymmetric
 - Static ("type I") or self-similar ("type II"). Both continuous or discrete.

Summary

Linking MathRel and NumRel?

Critical phenomena in gravitational collapse

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Christodoulou Choptuik The current mode Interesting results

Conclusions and open questions

1. Massless scalar field

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• Choptuik et al PRL'04: ansatz $\phi(t, \rho, z, \phi) = e^{im\phi}\psi(t, \rho, z)$. DSS criticality. Isolated *m* sectors. Which unstable?



2. Fluids

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• Gundlach PRD'01, CSS $p = k\rho$:

- k < 1/9 (analytical): l = 1 axial unstable (ballerina effect).
- 1/9 < k < 0.49: stable nonspherical modes.
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- Note: spherically-stable naked singularity for k <0.01 (Harada & Maeda PRD'03, Snajdr CQG'06).

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Non-linear results:

- Jin & Suen PRL'07: BH threshold in neutron stars head-on collision.
 - Signs of type I criticality.
 - Critical solution: oscillating spherical neutron star, probably a perturbed unstable TOV star (Noble & Choptuik '08).



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 Equal mass BHs. Fine tune boost.

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Pretorius & Khurana CQG'07:

- Equal mass BHs. Fine tune boost.
- N circular orbits before merging or dispersing.
- $e^N \propto (p p^*)^{-\gamma}$, with $\gamma \approx 0.31 - 0.38$
- 1.5% total energy radiated per orbit.
- max N limited by kinetic energy available.
- Self-similar criticality for zero mass BHs?



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4. Global structures for a self-similar spacetime

• Recall structure $e^{-2\tau}g_{\mu\nu}(x)$. Central singularity at $\tau = \infty$.

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Self-similarity horizons: null homothetic lines.

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- Building blocks: fan and splash (Gundlach & M-G PRD'03)



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5. High precision numerical Choptuik spacetime



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Inner patch: Impose DSS and regularity at centre and past light cone.

 $\Delta = 3.445452402(3)$



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Confirmed by Grandclement'09 (kaddath).

6. Global structure of the Choptuik spacetime

- Oscillations pile up at the Cauchy Horizon, but decay.
- Curvature is continuous but non-differentiable. Continuation not unique: one free function (radiation from the singularity).
- Unique DSS continuation with regular center (nearly flat):



All other continuations produce a negative mass singularity at the centre, with no new self-similarity horizon:



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Bizoń et al PRD'05, PRL'05, PRL'06

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Gravitational waves in spherical symmetry.

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Take

$$ds^{2} = -Ae^{-2\delta}dt^{2} + A^{-1}dr^{2} + \frac{r^{2}}{4} \left[e^{2B}\sigma_{1}^{2} + e^{2C}\sigma_{2}^{2} + e^{-2(B+C)}\sigma_{3}^{2} \right]$$

$$\sigma_{1} + i\,\sigma_{2} = e^{i\psi}(\cos\theta\,d\phi + i\,d\theta), \qquad \sigma_{3} = d\psi - \sin\theta\,d\phi$$

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• Triaxial symmetry: exchange of the σ_i . 6-copy solutions.

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- **•** Triaxial symmetry: exchange of the σ_i . 6-copy solutions.
- DSS criticality with B = C (biaxial 3-copy solutions).

Bizoń et al PRD'05, PRL'05, PRL'06

Gravitational waves in spherical symmetry.

Take

$$ds^{2} = -Ae^{-2\delta}dt^{2} + A^{-1}dr^{2} + \frac{r^{2}}{4} \left[e^{2B}\sigma_{1}^{2} + e^{2C}\sigma_{2}^{2} + e^{-2(B+C)}\sigma_{3}^{2} \right]$$

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- **Triaxial** symmetry: exchange of the σ_i . 6-copy solutions.
- DSS criticality with B = C (biaxial 3-copy solutions).
- \blacktriangleright \Rightarrow 3 critical solutions and basins of attraction.

Bizoń et al PRD'05, PRL'05, PRL'06

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(Same system) Szybka & Chmaj PRL'08

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- ▶ κ -family of ICs. Possible end-states h = 1, 1/2, -2 or 0 (unknown).



Summary

Linking MathRel and NumRel?

Critical phenomena in gravitational collapse

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Christodoulou Choptuik The current mode Interesting results

Conclusions and open questions

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- Numerical Relativity can add new physics to mainstream GR. Importance of very high precision numerics.
- Dynamical understanding of the process missing. Why DSS?
- What happens outside spherical symmetry? Angular momentum?
- Relation with Christodoulou '94 '99?
- Show existence of the Choptuik spacetime.
- Can we approximate critical exponents analytically? Holography?

Gundlach & M-G, Living Reviews Relativity 2007, updated 2010.